

TDRV016-SW-82

Linux Device Driver

32 / 16 Channels of 16 bit D/A

Version 1.0.x

User Manual

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TDRV016-SW-82

Linux Device Driver

32 / 16 Channels of 16 bit D/A

Supported Modules:

TPMC553

TPMC554

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Table of Contents

1	INTRODUCTION.....	4
2	INSTALLATION.....	5
	2.1 Build and install the Device Driver	5
	2.2 Uninstall the Device Driver	6
	2.3 Install Device Driver into the running Kernel.....	6
	2.4 Remove Device Driver from the running Kernel.....	6
	2.5 Change Major Device Number	7
3	API DOCUMENTATION	8
	3.1 General Functions.....	8
	3.1.1 tdrv016Open	8
	3.1.2 tdrv016Close.....	10
	3.1.3 tdrv016GetModuleInfo	12
	3.2 Device Access Functions.....	15
	3.2.1 tdrv016SetVoltageRange.....	15
	3.2.2 tdrv016GetVoltageRange	17
	3.2.3 tdrv016QDacConfig	19
	3.2.4 tdrv016DacWrite	21
	3.2.5 tdrv016DacWriteMulti.....	23
	3.2.6 tdrv016QDacLoad.....	25
	3.3 Sequencer Functions.....	27
	3.3.1 tdrv016SequencerConfig	27
	3.3.2 tdrv016SequencerStart	29
	3.3.3 tdrv016SequencerStop	31
	3.3.4 tdrv016SequencerWrite	33
	3.4 FIFO Functions.....	35
	3.4.1 tdrv016FifoConfig.....	35
	3.4.2 tdrv016FifoWrite.....	37
4	DIAGNOSTIC.....	40

1 Introduction

The TDRV016-SW-82 Linux device driver allows the operation of the TDRV016 compatible devices conforming to the Linux I/O system specification. This includes a device-independent basic I/O interface with *open()*, *close()*, and *ioctl()* functions.

The TDRV016-SW-82 device driver supports the following features:

- Configuration of DAC channel voltage ranges
- Configuration of Q-DAC operation modes (I/M/T- or F-Mode)
- Write analog output values in I- and M-Mode
- Use analog sequencer modes (T- or F-Mode)

The TDRV016-SW-82 supports the modules listed below:

TPMC553	32 / 16 Channels of 16 bit D/A	(PMC)
TPMC554	32 / 16 Channels of 16 bit D/A with memory	(PMC)

In this document all supported modules and devices will be called TDRV016. Specials for a certain device will be advised.

To get more information about the features and use of supported devices it is recommended to read the manuals listed below.

TPMC553/554 User Manual

2 Installation

The directory TDRV016-SW-82 on the distribution media contains the following files:

TDRV016-SW-82-1.0.2.pdf	This manual in PDF format
TDRV016-SW-82-SRC.tar.gz	GZIP compressed archive with driver source code
ChangeLog.txt	Release history
Release.txt	Information about the Device Driver Release

The GZIP compressed archive TDRV016-SW-82-SRC.tar.gz contains the following files and directories:

Directory path 'tdrv016':

tdrv016.c	Driver source code
tdrv016def.h	Driver include file
tdrv016.h	Driver include file for application program
Makefile	Device driver make file
makenode	Script for device node creation
COPYING	Copy of the GNU Public License (GPL)
api/tdrv016api.h	API include file
api/tdrv016api.c	API source file
example/tdrv016exa.c	Example application
example/tdrv016fifo.c	Example application (FIFO use)
example/Makefile	Example application makefile
include/config.h	Driver independent library header file
include/tpmodule.c	Driver independent library
include/tpmodule.h	Driver independent library header file
include/tpxxxhwdep.h	HAL library header file
include/tpxxxhwdep.c	HAL library source file

In order to perform an installation, extract all files of the archive TDRV016-SW-82-SRC.tar.gz to the desired target directory. The command 'tar -xzvf TDRV016-SW-82-SRC.tar.gz' will extract the files into the local directory.

- Login as *root* and change to the target directory
- Copy tdrv016.h to */usr/include*

2.1 Build and install the Device Driver

- Login as *root*
- Change to the target directory
- To create and install the driver in the module directory */lib/modules/<version>/misc* enter:
 - # make install**
- To update the device driver's module dependencies, enter:
 - # depmod -aq**

2.2 Uninstall the Device Driver

- Login as *root*
- Change to the target directory
- To remove the driver from the module directory */lib/modules/<version>/misc* enter:

make uninstall

2.3 Install Device Driver into the running Kernel

- To load the device driver into the running kernel, login as root and execute the following commands:

modprobe tdrv016drv
- After the first build or if you are using dynamic major device allocation it is necessary to create new device nodes on the file system. Please execute the script file *makenode* to do this. If your kernel has enabled a device file system (devfs or sysfs with udev) then you have to skip running the *makenode* script. Instead of creating device nodes from the script the driver itself takes creating and destroying of device nodes in its responsibility.

sh makenode

On success the device driver will create a minor device for each TDRV016 device found. The first TDRV016 device can be accessed with device node */dev/tdrv016_0*, the second module with device node */dev/tdrv016_1* and so on.

The assignment of device nodes to physical TDRV016 modules depends on the search order of the PCI bus driver.

2.4 Remove Device Driver from the running Kernel

- To remove the device driver from the running kernel login as root and execute the following command:

modprobe -r tdrv016drv

If your kernel has enabled devfs or sysfs (udev), all */dev/tdrv016_x* nodes will be automatically removed from your file system after this.

Be sure that the driver isn't opened by any application program. If opened you will get the response "*tdrv016drv: Device or resource busy*" and the driver will still remain in the system until you close all opened files and execute *modprobe -r* again.

2.5 Change Major Device Number

This paragraph is only for Linux kernels without dynamic device file system installed. The TDRV016 driver uses dynamic allocation of major device numbers per default. If this isn't suitable for the application it is possible to define a major number for the driver.

To change the major number, edit the file `tdrv016def.h`, change the following symbol to appropriate value, and enter `make install` to create a new driver.

TDRV016_MAJOR	Valid numbers are in range between 0 and 255. A value of 0 means dynamic number allocation.
---------------	---

EXAMPLE:

```
#define TDRV016_MAJOR 122
```

Be sure that the desired major number isn't used by other drivers. Please check `/proc/devices` to see which numbers are free.

3 API Documentation

3.1 General Functions

3.1.1 tdrv016Open

Name

tdrv016Open – open a device.

Synopsis

```
TDRV016_HANDLE tdrv016Open  
(  
    char      *DeviceName  
)
```

Description

Before I/O can be performed to a device, a device handle must be opened by a call to this function.

The tdrv016Open function can be called multiple times (e.g. in different tasks)

Parameters

DeviceName

This parameter points to a null-terminated string that specifies the name of the device. The first TDRV016 device is named “/dev/tdrv016_0” the second device is named “/dev/tdrv016_1” and so on.

Example

```
#include "tdrv016api.h"

TDRV016_HANDLE  hdl;

/*
** open the specified device
*/
hdl = tdrv016Open("/dev/tdrv016_0");
if (hdl == NULL)
{
    /* handle open error */
}
```

RETURN VALUE

A device handle, or NULL if the function fails. An error code will be stored in *errno*.

ERROR CODES

The error codes are stored in *errno*.

The error code is a standard error code set by the I/O system.

3.1.2 tdrv016Close

Name

tdrv016Close – close a device.

Synopsis

```
TDRV016_STATUS tdrv016Close  
(  
    TDRV016_HANDLE    hdl  
)
```

Description

This function closes a previously opened device.

Parameters

hdl

This value specifies the device handle to the hardware module retrieved by a call to the corresponding open-function.

Example

```
#include "tdrv016api"  
  
TDRV016_HANDLE    hdl;  
TDRV016_STATUS    result;  
  
/*  
** close the device  
*/  
result = tdrv016Close(hdl);  
  
if (result != TDRV016_OK)  
{  
    /* handle close error */  
}
```

RETURN VALUE

On success, TDRV016_OK is returned. In the case of an error, the appropriate error code is returned by the function.

ERROR CODES

Error Code	Description
TDRV016_ERR_INVALID_HANDLE	The specified device handle is invalid

3.1.3 tdrv016GetModuleInfo

NAME

tdrv016GetModuleInfo – get module information

SYNOPSIS

```
TDRV016_STATUS tdrv016GetModuleInfo
(
    TDRV016_HANDLE    hdl
    int                *pModuleType,
    int                *pModuleVariant,
    int                *pPciBusNo,
    int                *pPciDevNo
)
```

DESCRIPTION

This function retrieves module specific hardware information.

PARAMETERS

hdl

This value specifies the device handle to the hardware module retrieved by a call to the corresponding open-function.

pModuleType

This argument is a pointer to an *int* value where the Module Type is returned. Possible values are:

Value	Description
TDRV016_MODTYPE_TPMC553	TPMC553
TDRV016_MODTYPE_TPMC554	TPMC554

pModuleVariant

This argument is a pointer to an *int* value where the Module Variant is returned. Possible values are:

Value	Description
10	-10 (32 D/A channels)
11	-11 (16 D/A channels)

pPciBusNo

This argument is a pointer to an *int* value where the PCI Bus number of the module is returned.

pPciDevNo

This argument is a pointer to an *int* value where the PCI Device number of the module is returned.

EXAMPLE

```
#include "tdrv016api.h"

TDRV016_HANDLE    hdl;
TDRV016_STATUS    result;
int               ModuleType;
int               ModuleVariant;
int               PciBusNo;
int               PciDevNo;

/*
** Read module information
*/
result = tdrv016GetModuleInfo(
        hdl,
        &ModuleType,
        &ModuleVariant,
        &PciBusNo,
        &PciDevNo);

if (result == TDRV016_OK)
{
    /* successful */
    printf("Module Type    : %d\n", ModuleType);
    printf("Module Variant: %d\n", ModuleVariant);
    printf("Localization  : Bus %d / Device %d\n", PciBusNo, PciDevNo);
} else {
    /* handle error */
}
```

RETURN VALUE

On success, TDRV016_OK is returned. In the case of an error, the appropriate error code is returned by the function.

ERROR CODES

Error Code	Description
TDRV016_ERR_INVALID_HANDLE	The specified device handle is invalid

3.2 Device Access Functions

3.2.1 tdrv016SetVoltageRange

NAME

tdrv016SetVoltageRange – set voltage range

SYNOPSIS

```
TDRV016_STATUS tdrv016SetVoltageRange
(
    TDRV016_HANDLE    hdl
    int                DacChannel,
    int                VoltageRange,
    int                Polarity
)
```

DESCRIPTION

This function configures the voltage range of a specific D/A channel.

PARAMETERS

hdl

This value specifies the device handle to the hardware module retrieved by a call to the corresponding open-function.

DacChannel

This argument specifies the DAC channel number. Possible values are 1 up to the available number of channels for the specific module.

VoltageRange

This argument specifies the desired voltage range for the selected DAC channel. Possible values are:

Value	Description
TDRV016_VOLTRANGE_5V	Vmax = 5V
TDRV016_VOLTRANGE_10V	Vmax = 10V
TDRV016_VOLTRANGE_10P8V	Vmax = 10.8V

Polarity

This argument specifies the desired polarity for the selected DAC channel. Possible values are:

Value	Description
TDRV016_POLARITY_UNIPOL	0V .. +Vmax
TDRV016_POLARITY_BIPOL	-Vmax .. +Vmax

EXAMPLE

```
#include "tdrv016api.h"

TDRV016_HANDLE   hdl;
TDRV016_STATUS   result;

/*
** Configure DAC channel 3 to -10V .. +10V
*/
result = tdrv016SetVoltageRange(
        hdl,
        3,
        TDRV016_VOLTRANGE_10V,
        TDRV016_POLARITY_BIPOL);

if (result != TDRV016_OK)
{
    /* handle error */
}
```

RETURN VALUE

On success, TDRV016_OK is returned. In the case of an error, the appropriate error code is returned by the function.

ERROR CODES

Error Code	Description
TDRV016_ERR_INVALID_HANDLE	The specified device handle is invalid
TDRV016_ERR_INVAL	Invalid channel or parameter specified
TDRV016_ERR_IO	Error during hardware configuration

3.2.2 tdrv016GetVoltageRange

NAME

tdrv016GetVoltageRange – get current voltage range

SYNOPSIS

```
TDRV016_STATUS tdrv016GetVoltageRange
(
    TDRV016_HANDLE    hdl
    int               DacChannel,
    int               *pVoltageRange,
    int               *pPolarity
)
```

DESCRIPTION

This function reads the currently configured voltage range of a specific D/A channel.

PARAMETERS

hdl

This value specifies the device handle to the hardware module retrieved by a call to the corresponding open-function.

DacChannel

This argument specifies the DAC channel number. Possible values are 1 up to the available number of channels for the specific module.

pVoltageRange

This argument is a pointer to an *int* value where the configured voltage range for the selected DAC channel is returned. Possible values are:

Value	Description
TDRV016_VOLTRANGE_5V	Vmax = 5V
TDRV016_VOLTRANGE_10V	Vmax = 10V
TDRV016_VOLTRANGE_10P8V	Vmax = 10.8V

pPolarity

This argument is a pointer to an *int* value where the configured polarity for the selected DAC channel is returned. Possible values are:

Value	Description
TDRV016_POLARITY_UNIPOL	0V .. +Vmax
TDRV016_POLARITY_BIPOL	-Vmax .. +Vmax

EXAMPLE

```
#include "tdrv016api.h"

TDRV016_HANDLE  hdl;
TDRV016_STATUS  result;
int             VoltageRange, Polarity

/*
** Read current voltage range configuration of DAC channel 3
*/
result = tdrv016GetVoltageRange(
        hdl,
        3,
        &VoltageRange,
        &Polarity);

if (result != TDRV016_OK)
{
    /* handle error */
}
```

RETURN VALUE

On success, TDRV016_OK is returned. In the case of an error, the appropriate error code is returned by the function.

ERROR CODES

Error Code	Description
TDRV016_ERR_INVALID_HANDLE	The specified device handle is invalid
TDRV016_ERR_INVAL	Invalid channel specified

3.2.3 tdrv016QDacConfig

NAME

tdrv016QDacConfig – configure Q-DAC mode

SYNOPSIS

```
TDRV016_STATUS tdrv016QDacConfig
(
    TDRV016_HANDLE    hdl
    int                QDacNumber,
    int                QDacMode,
    int                GlobalLoadMode
)
```

DESCRIPTION

This function configures the operation mode of a specific Q-DAC, which serves 4 single D/A channels.

PARAMETERS

hdl

This value specifies the device handle to the hardware module retrieved by a call to the corresponding open-function.

QDacNumber

This argument specifies the Q-DAC number. Possible values are 1 up to the available number of Q-DACs for the specific module. Q-DAC 1 serves D/A channels 1 to 4, Q-DAC 2 serves D/A channels 5 to 8 and so on.

QDacMode

This argument specifies the desired operation mode for the selected Q-DAC. Possible values are:

Value	Description
TDRV016_QDACMODE_INSTANT	Instant Mode. DAC values are written immediately.
TDRV016_QDACMODE_MANUAL	Manual mode. DAC values are written after manual load operation.
TDRV016_QDACMODE_TIMER	Timer mode. DAC values are written in sequencer mode.

GlobalLoadMode

This argument specifies if the Q-DAC should synchronize to other Q-DACs. If TRUE, all selected Q-DACs are updated simultaneously. This parameter is only relevant for Manual mode.

EXAMPLE

```
#include "tdrv016api.h"

TDRV016_HANDLE    hdl;
TDRV016_STATUS    result;

/*
** Configure Q-DAC 1 (D/A channel 1 to 4)
** - use Manual Mode without global synchronization
*/
result = tdrv016QDacConfig(
        hdl,
        1,
        TDRV016_QDACMODE_MANUAL,
        FALSE);

if (result != TDRV016_OK)
{
    /* handle error */
}
```

RETURN VALUE

On success, TDRV016_OK is returned. In the case of an error, the appropriate error code is returned by the function.

ERROR CODES

Error Code	Description
TDRV016_ERR_INVALID_HANDLE	The specified device handle is invalid
TDRV016_ERR_INVAL	Invalid channel or parameter specified
TDRV016_ERR_IO	Error during hardware configuration

3.2.4 tdrv016DacWrite

NAME

tdrv016DacWrite – Write one DAC value to a specific DAC channel

SYNOPSIS

```
TDRV016_STATUS tdrv016DacWrite
(
    TDRV016_HANDLE    hdl
    int                DacChannel,
    int                DacValue,
    int                Flags
)
```

DESCRIPTION

This function writes one DAC value to a specific DAC channel. This function is supported for channels configured to Instant or Manual Mode.

PARAMETERS

hdl

This value specifies the device handle to the hardware module retrieved by a call to the corresponding open-function.

DacChannel

This argument specifies the DAC channel which shall be updated. Possible values are 1 up to the number of available DAC channels of the specific module.

DacValue

This argument specifies the new DAC value for the specified channel.

Flags

This argument specifies additional options for this DAC update. Possible OR'ed flags are:

Value	Description
TDRV016_CORR	Use data correction for this conversion.
TDRV016_LOAD	Perform Load Operation for corresponding Q-DAC (only if Q-DAC is in Manual Mode).

EXAMPLE

```
#include "tdrv016api.h"

TDRV016_HANDLE  hdl;
TDRV016_STATUS  result;

/*
** Write new DAC value to channel 1, use data correction.
*/
result = tdrv016DacWrite(
        hdl,
        1,
        0x1000,
        TDRV016_CORR);

if (result != TDRV016_OK)
{
    /* handle error */
}
```

RETURN VALUE

On success, TDRV016_OK is returned. In the case of an error, the appropriate error code is returned by the function.

ERROR CODES

Error Code	Description
TDRV016_ERR_INVALID_HANDLE	The specified device handle is invalid
TDRV016_ERR_INVAL	Invalid channel specified
TDRV016_ERR_ACCESS	Specified channel not configured to I- or M-Mode

3.2.5 tdrv016DacWriteMulti

NAME

tdrv016DacWriteMulti – Write DAC values to multiple DAC channels

SYNOPSIS

```
TDRV016_STATUS tdrv016DacWriteMulti
(
    TDRV016_HANDLE    hdl
    unsigned int      DacChannelMask,
    unsigned int      CorrectionMask,
    int               PerformLoad,
    unsigned short    DacData[32]
)
```

DESCRIPTION

This function writes different DAC value to specified DAC channels. This function is supported for channels configured to Instant or Manual Mode.

PARAMETERS

hdl

This value specifies the device handle to the hardware module retrieved by a call to the corresponding open-function.

DacChannelMask

This argument specifies DAC channels which shall be updated. A set (1) bit specifies that the corresponding channel shall be updated. Bit 0 corresponds to the first DAC channel, bit 1 corresponds to the second DAC channel and so on.

CorrectionMask

This argument specifies if data correction shall be used for specific DAC channels. A set (1) bit enables data correction for the corresponding channel. Bit 0 corresponds to the first DAC channel, bit 1 corresponds to the second DAC channel and so on.

PerformLoad

This argument specifies if the corresponding Q-DACs shall be updated. If TRUE, all affected Q-DACs are updated using the Load Operation. If this parameter is FALSE, all Q-DACs configured to Manual Mode will not be updated.

DacData

This argument specifies the new DAC data. Array index 0 corresponds to the first DAC channel, array index 1 corresponds to the second DAC channel and so on. Only channels marked for update using parameter *DacChannelMask* will be modified.

EXAMPLE

```
#include "tdrv016api.h"

TDRV016_HANDLE    hdl;
TDRV016_STATUS    result;
unsigned short    DacData[32];

/*
** Write new DAC values to channel 1, 2 and 32.
** Use data correction only for channel 1.
** Update all channels which are in M-Mode.
*/
DacData[0]    = 0x1000;
DacData[1]    = 0x2000;
DacData[31]   = 0x0000;

result = tdrv016DacWriteMulti(
        hdl,
        ((1 << 31) | (1 << 1) | (1 << 0)),
        (1 << 0),
        TRUE,
        DacData);

if (result != TDRV016_OK)
{
    /* handle error */
}
```

RETURN VALUE

On success, TDRV016_OK is returned. In the case of an error, the appropriate error code is returned by the function.

ERROR CODES

Error Code	Description
TDRV016_ERR_INVALID_HANDLE	The specified device handle is invalid
TDRV016_ERR_ACCESS	At least one of the specified channels is not in I- or M-Mode

3.2.6 tdrv016QDacLoad

NAME

tdrv016QDacLoad – Perform Load Operation for specified Q-DACs

SYNOPSIS

```
TDRV016_STATUS tdrv016QDacLoad
(
    TDRV016_HANDLE    hdl
    unsigned int      QDacMask
)
```

DESCRIPTION

This function performs the Load Operation for specified Q-DACs, to achieve simultaneous update of multiple DAC channels. This function is supported for Q-DACs configured to Manual Mode.

PARAMETERS

hdl

This value specifies the device handle to the hardware module retrieved by a call to the corresponding open-function.

QDacMask

This argument specifies the Q-DACs which shall be loaded. A set (1) bit specifies that the corresponding Q-DAC shall be loaded. Bit 0 corresponds to the first Q-DAC (DAC channels 1 to 4), bit 1 corresponds to the second Q-DAC (DAC channels 5 to 8) and so on.

EXAMPLE

```
#include "tdrv016api.h"

TDRV016_HANDLE    hdl;
TDRV016_STATUS    result;

/*
** Load Q-DACs 1 and 8 simultaneously.
*/
result = tdrv016QDacLoad(
        hdl,
        ((1 << 7) | (1 << 0)));

if (result != TDRV016_OK)
{
    /* handle error */
}
```

RETURN VALUE

On success, TDRV016_OK is returned. In the case of an error, the appropriate error code is returned by the function.

ERROR CODES

Error Code	Description
TDRV016_ERR_INVALID_HANDLE	The specified device handle is invalid
TDRV016_ERR_ACCESS	At least one of the Q-DACs is not in M-Mode.

3.3 Sequencer Functions

3.3.1 tdrv016SequencerConfig

NAME

tdrv016SequencerConfig – configure sequencer cycle time

SYNOPSIS

```
TDRV016_STATUS tdrv016SequencerConfig
(
    TDRV016_HANDLE    hdl
    int                QDacNumber,
    unsigned int       CycleTime
)
```

DESCRIPTION

This function configures the sequencer cycle time of a specific Q-DAC, which serves 4 single D/A channels. The configured sequencer cycle time is used in both Timer and FIFO mode.

PARAMETERS

hdl

This value specifies the device handle to the hardware module retrieved by a call to the corresponding open-function.

QDacNumber

This argument specifies the Q-DAC number. Possible values are 1 up to the available number of Q-DACs for the specific module. Q-DAC 1 serves D/A channels 1 to 4, Q-DAC 2 serves D/A channels 5 to 8 and so on.

CycleTime

This argument specifies the sequencer cycle time. The sequencer timer is configurable in steps of 10 μ s. Possible values are 0 to the maximum value specified in the corresponding module hardware user manual.

EXAMPLE

```
#include "tdrv016api.h"

TDRV016_HANDLE    hdl;
TDRV016_STATUS    result;

/*
** Configure Sequencer Timer of Q-DAC 1 (D/A channel 1 to 4)
** Use 1ms cycle time.
*/
result = tdrv016SequencerConfig(
        hdl,
        1,
        99);

if (result != TDRV016_OK)
{
    /* handle error */
}
```

RETURN VALUE

On success, TDRV016_OK is returned. In the case of an error, the appropriate error code is returned by the function.

ERROR CODES

Error Code	Description
TDRV016_ERR_INVALID_HANDLE	The specified device handle is invalid
TDRV016_ERR_INVAL	Invalid Q-DAC specified.

3.3.2 tdrv016SequencerStart

NAME

tdrv016SequencerStart – start sequencer timer

SYNOPSIS

```
TDRV016_STATUS tdrv016SequencerStart
(
    TDRV016_HANDLE    hdl
    unsigned int      SequencerMask
)
```

DESCRIPTION

This function starts the sequencer timer of specified Q-DACs. This function starts the sequencer operation of both Timer and FIFO mode.

PARAMETERS

hdl

This value specifies the device handle to the hardware module retrieved by a call to the corresponding open-function.

SequencerMask

This argument specifies the Q-DACs which shall be started in sequencer mode. A set (1) bit specifies that the corresponding Q-DAC shall be started. Bit 0 corresponds to the first Q-DAC (DAC channels 1 to 4), bit 1 corresponds to the second Q-DAC (DAC channels 5 to 8) and so on.

EXAMPLE

```
#include "tdrv016api.h"

TDRV016_HANDLE    hdl;
TDRV016_STATUS    result;

/*
** Start Sequencer Timer of Q-DAC 1 and 2
*/
result = tdrv016SequencerStart(hdl, (1 << 1) | (1 << 0));

if (result != TDRV016_OK)
{
    /* handle error */
}
```

RETURN VALUE

On success, TDRV016_OK is returned. In the case of an error, the appropriate error code is returned by the function.

ERROR CODES

Error Code	Description
TDRV016_ERR_INVALID_HANDLE	The specified device handle is invalid
TDRV016_ERR_ACCESS	At least one of the Q-DACs is not in Timer or FIFO mode.

3.3.3 tdrv016SequencerStop

NAME

tdrv016SequencerStop – stop sequencer timer

SYNOPSIS

```
TDRV016_STATUS tdrv016SequencerStop
(
    TDRV016_HANDLE    hdl
    unsigned int      SequencerMask
)
```

DESCRIPTION

This function stops the sequencer timer of specified Q-DACs. This function stops the sequencer operation of both Timer and FIFO mode.

PARAMETERS

hdl

This value specifies the device handle to the hardware module retrieved by a call to the corresponding open-function.

SequencerMask

This argument specifies the Q-DACs which shall be stopped. A set (1) bit specifies that the corresponding Q-DAC shall be stopped. Bit 0 corresponds to the first Q-DAC (DAC channels 1 to 4), bit 1 corresponds to the second Q-DAC (DAC channels 5 to 8) and so on.

EXAMPLE

```
#include "tdrv016api.h"

TDRV016_HANDLE    hdl;
TDRV016_STATUS    result;

/*
** Stop Sequencer Timer of Q-DAC 2
*/
result = tdrv016SequencerStop(hdl, (1 << 1));

if (result != TDRV016_OK)
{
    /* handle error */
}
```

RETURN VALUE

On success, TDRV016_OK is returned. In the case of an error, the appropriate error code is returned by the function.

ERROR CODES

Error Code	Description
TDRV016_ERR_INVALID_HANDLE	The specified device handle is invalid

3.3.4 tdrv016SequencerWrite

NAME

tdrv016SequencerWrite – Write DAC data in Timer mode

SYNOPSIS

```
TDRV016_STATUS tdrv016SequencerWrite
(
    TDRV016_HANDLE    hdl
    int               QDacNumber,
    unsigned int      UseCorrection,
    int               DacValue[4],
    int               timeout
)
```

DESCRIPTION

This function writes new DAC data to a specific Q-DAC, which serves 4 single D/A channels. All four channels of the Q-DAC are affected. This function is only supported in Timer Mode. This function might block until the next sequencer interrupt allows transferrin the DAC data, or the timeout expires.

PARAMETERS

hdl

This value specifies the device handle to the hardware module retrieved by a call to the corresponding open-function.

QDacNumber

This argument specifies the Q-DAC number. Possible values are 1 up to the available number of Q-DACs for the specific module. Q-DAC 1 serves D/A channels 1 to 4, Q-DAC 2 serves D/A channels 5 to 8 and so on.

UseCorrection

This argument specifies if data correction shall be used for specific DAC channels. A set (1) bit enables data correction for the corresponding channel. Bit 0 corresponds to the first DAC channel of the Q-DAC, bit 1 corresponds to the second DAC channel of the Q-DAC and so on.

DacValue

This argument specifies the new DAC data. Array index 0 corresponds to the first DAC channel of the Q-DAC, array index 1 corresponds to the second DAC channel of the Q-DAC and so on.

timeout

This parameter specifies the time the function will block until the data is transferred into the DAC channels, which is done using interrupts. The interrupts are raised based upon the configured sequencer cycle time, so this timeout value must be chosen according to the configured cycle time. This timeout value is specified in milliseconds. The resulting time depends on the system tick granularity. To wait indefinitely, specify -1.

EXAMPLE

```
#include "tdrv016api.h"

TDRV016_HANDLE   hdl;
TDRV016_STATUS   result;
int              DacData[4];

/*
** Write new data to Q-DAC 2 without data correction.
** Use 500ms for timeout.
*/
result = tdrv016SequencerWrite(
        hdl,
        2,
        0,
        DacData,
        500);

if (result != TDRV016_OK)
{
    /* handle error */
}
```

RETURN VALUE

On success, TDRV016_OK is returned. In the case of an error, the appropriate error code is returned by the function.

ERROR CODES

Error Code	Description
TDRV016_ERR_INVALID_HANDLE	The specified device handle is invalid
TDRV016_ERR_INVAL	Invalid Q-DAC specified.
TDRV016_ERR_ACCESS	Specified Q-DAC is not in Timer-Mode.

3.4 FIFO Functions

3.4.1 tdrv016FifoConfig

NAME

tdrv016FifoConfig – configure FIFO mode (TPMC554 only)

SYNOPSIS

```
TDRV016_STATUS tdrv016FifoConfig
(
    TDRV016_HANDLE    hdl
    unsigned int      DacChannelMask,
    unsigned int      ContinuousModeMask,
    int               Size[32],
    int               Limit[32]
)
```

DESCRIPTION

This function configures the FIFO mode of specified DAC channels. All four channels of one affected Q-DAC are used in FIFO mode. All channels which were previously configured to FIFO mode and are not again configured with this function are configured to Instant mode without changing the DAC value.

PARAMETERS

hdl

This value specifies the device handle to the hardware module retrieved by a call to the corresponding open-function.

DacChannelMask

This argument specifies the DAC channels which shall be used in FIFO mode. All four DAC channels of one affected Q-DAC must be configured for FIFO mode. A set (1) bit specifies that the corresponding channel shall be configured. Bit 0 corresponds to the first DAC channel, bit 1 corresponds to the second DAC channel and so on.

ContinuousModeMask

This argument specifies if the corresponding DAC channel FIFO shall be used in continuous mode. A set (1) configures the corresponding channel to repeat its FIFO data. An unset (0) bit configures the channel to stop the data output if the FIFO runs empty. Bit 0 corresponds to the first DAC channel, bit 1 corresponds to the second DAC channel and so on.

Size

This argument specifies the size of the FIFO in number of values. Array index 0 corresponds to the first DAC channel, array index 1 corresponds to the second DAC channel and so on.

Limit

This argument specifies the FIFO trigger limit where an interrupt is raised. The limit is specified as 2^{Limit} . Array index 0 corresponds to the first DAC channel, array index 1 corresponds to the second DAC channel and so on.

EXAMPLE

```
#include "tdrv016api.h"

TDRV016_HANDLE    hdl;
TDRV016_STATUS    result;
int               Size[32];
int               Limit[32];

/*
** Configure FIFO mode for channel 1 to 8 (Q-DAC 1 and 2)
** - Use DAC 1 and 4 in Continuous Mode
*/
Size[0] = 100;
Limit[0] = 5; /* Limit at 32 values */

result = tdrv016FifoConfig(
        hdl,
        0x000000ff,
        (1 << 3) | (1 << 0),
        Size,
        Limit);
if (result != TDRV016_OK)
{
    /* handle error */
}
```

RETURN VALUE

On success, TDRV016_OK is returned. In the case of an error, the appropriate error code is returned by the function.

ERROR CODES

Error Code	Description
TDRV016_ERR_INVALID_HANDLE	The specified device handle is invalid
TDRV016_ERR_INVAL	Not all DAC channels of a Q-DAC specified, invalid Size or Limit.
TDRV016_ERR_ACCESS	Module does not support FIFO mode.

3.4.2 tdrv016FifoWrite

NAME

tdrv016FifoWrite – Write DAC data in FIFO mode (TPMC554 only)

SYNOPSIS

```
TDRV016_STATUS tdrv016FifoWrite
(
    TDRV016_HANDLE    hdl
    int                DacChannel,
    unsigned int      Flags,
    int                NumValues,
    unsigned short    *pDacData,
    int                timeout
)
```

DESCRIPTION

This function writes new DAC data of a specific DAC channel into the FIFO. This function is only supported in FIFO Mode. The function blocks until all data is written into the FIFO, or the timeout expires.

PARAMETERS

hdl

This value specifies the device handle to the hardware module retrieved by a call to the corresponding open-function.

DacChannel

This argument specifies the DAC channel number. Possible values are 1 up to the available number of DACs for the specific module.

Flags

This argument specifies additional options for this DAC update. Possible value:

Value	Description
TDRV016_CORR	Use data correction for all values.

NumValues

This argument specifies the number of DAC data values which shall be written into the FIFO.

pDacData

This parameter points to the DAC data section where the specified number of 16bit values is stored.

timeout

This parameter specifies the time the function will block until the data is transferred into the FIFO, which might be done using interrupts. The interrupts are raised based upon the configured sequencer cycle time, so this timeout value must be chosen according to the configured cycle time. This timeout value is specified in milliseconds. The resulting time depends on the system tick granularity. To wait indefinitely, specify -1.

The timeout value specifies the time to wait for the next interrupt. Multiple interrupts might be required to transfer the complete amount of specified data into the FIFO.

EXAMPLE

```
#include "tdrv016api.h"

TDRV016_HANDLE    hdl;
TDRV016_STATUS    result;
unsigned short    DacData[100];

/*
** Write 100 DAC data values to FIFO 2 with data correction.
** Use 500ms for timeout.
*/
DacData[0] = 0x1234;
DacData[1] = 0x5678;
DacData[2] = 0x9ABC;
...

result = tdrv016FifoWrite(
        hdl,
        2,
        TDRV016_CORR,
        100,
        DacData,
        500);

if (result != TDRV016_OK)
{
    /* handle error */
}
```

RETURN VALUE

On success, TDRV016_OK is returned. In the case of an error, the appropriate error code is returned by the function.

ERROR CODES

Error Code	Description
TDRV016_ERR_INVALID_HANDLE	The specified device handle is invalid
TDRV016_ERR_INVALID	Invalid Channel specified.
TDRV016_ERR_ACCESS	Module does not support FIFO mode, or channel is not in FIFO mode.
TDRV016_ERR_BUSY	This DAC channel is already busy transferring data into the FIFO.

4 Diagnostic

If the TDRV016 does not work properly it is helpful to get some status information from the driver respective kernel.

The Linux */proc* file system provides information about kernel, resources, driver, devices, and so on. The following screen dumps displays information of a correct running TDRV016 driver (see also the *proc* man pages).

```
# lspci -v
```

```
...
```

```
04:01.0 Signal processing controller: TEWS Technologies GmbH Device 022a
  Subsystem: TEWS Technologies GmbH Device 000a
  Flags: medium devsel, IRQ 16
  Memory at feb9fc00 (32-bit, non-prefetchable) [size=128]
  I/O ports at e880 [size=128]
  Memory at feb9f800 (32-bit, non-prefetchable) [size=1K]
  Memory at feb9f400 (32-bit, non-prefetchable) [size=64]
  Memory at feb9f000 (32-bit, non-prefetchable) [size=1K]
  Memory at feb9c000 (32-bit, non-prefetchable) [size=8K]
  Kernel driver in use: TEWS TECHNOLOGIES - TDRV016 Device Driver
  Kernel modules: tdrv016drv
```

```
...
```

```
# cat /proc/devices
```

```
Character devices:
```

```
 1 mem
```

```
...
```

```
250 tdrv016drv
```

```
...
```

```
# cat /proc/iomem
00000000-0000ffff : reserved
00010000-0009fbff : System RAM
...
feb00000-febffffff : PCI Bus 0000:04
  feb9c000-feb9dfff : 0000:04:01.0
    feb9c000-feb9dfff : TDRV016
  feb9f000-feb9f3ff : 0000:04:01.0
    feb9f000-feb9f3ff : TDRV016
  feb9f400-feb9f43f : 0000:04:01.0
    feb9f400-feb9f43f : TDRV016
  feb9f800-feb9fbff : 0000:04:01.0
    feb9f800-feb9fbff : TDRV016
  feb9fc00-feb9fc7f : 0000:04:01.0
  feba0000-febbffff : 0000:04:00.0
  febc0000-febdffff : 0000:04:00.0
...
```