

# TPMC680-SW-42

## VxWorks Device Driver

8 x 8 Bit Digital I/O

Version 5.0.x

## User Manual

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**TPMC680-SW-42**

VxWorks Device Driver

8 x 8 Bit Digital I/O

Supported Modules:  
TPMC680-10

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# 1 Introduction

The TPMC680-SW-42 VxWorks device driver software allows the operation of the supported PMCs conforming to the VxWorks I/O system specification.

The TPMC680-SW-42 release contains independent driver sources for the old legacy (pre-VxBus) and the new VxBus-enabled (GEN1 and GEN2) driver model. The VxBus-enabled driver is recommended for new developments with later VxWorks 6.x and 7.x releases and mandatory for VxWorks 64-bit and SMP systems.

Both drivers, legacy and VxBus, share the same application programming interface (API).

The TPMC680-SW-42 device driver supports the following features:

- direct reading for input ports (8 bit / synchronous mode)
- direct writing for output ports (8 bit / synchronous mode)
- buffered read for input ports (16/32 bit handshake mode)
- buffered write for output ports (16/32 bit handshake mode)
- configuring ports
- wait for a specified input event (8 bit / 64 bit ports)

The TPMC680-SW-82 device driver supports the modules listed below:

TPMC680-10	8 x 8 Bit Digital Inputs/Outputs (5V TTL)	(PMC)
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To get more information about the features and use of TPMC680 devices it is recommended to read the manuals listed below.

TPMC680 User Manual
TEWS TECHNOLOGIES VxWorks Device Drivers - Installation Guide

## **2 API Documentation**

### **2.1 General Functions**

#### **2.1.1 tpmc680Open**

##### **NAME**

tpmc680Open – opens a device.

##### **SYNOPSIS**

```
TPMC680_HANDLE tpmc680Open  
(  
    char      *DeviceName  
)
```

##### **DESCRIPTION**

Before I/O can be performed to a device, a device descriptor must be opened by a call to this function.

##### **PARAMETERS**

*DeviceName*

This parameter points to a null-terminated string that specifies the name of the device. The first TPMC680 device is named "/tpmc680/0", the second device is named "/tpmc680/1" and so on.

##### **EXAMPLE**

```
#include "tpmc680api.h"  
  
TPMC680_HANDLE    hdl;  
  
/*  
** open the specified device  
*/  
hdl = tpmc680Open("/tpmc680/0");  
if (hdl == NULL)  
{  
    /* handle open error */  
}
```

## RETURNS

A device handle, or NULL if the function fails

## ERROR CODES

The error codes are stored in *errno*.

The error code is a standard error code set by the I/O system.

## 2.1.2 tpmc680Close

### NAME

tpmc680Close – Closes a device.

### SYNOPSIS

```
TPMC680_STATUS tpmc680Close
(
    TPMC680_HANDLE    hdl
)
```

### DESCRIPTION

This function closes previously opened devices.

### PARAMETERS

*hdl*

This value specifies the device handle to the hardware module retrieved by a call to the corresponding open-function.

### EXAMPLE

```
#include "tpmc680api.h"

TPMC680_HANDLE    hdl;
TPMC680_STATUS    result;

/*
** close the device
*/
result = tpmc680Close(hdl);
if (result != TPMC680_OK)
{
    /* handle close error */
}
```

## RETURNS

On success, TPMC680\_OK is returned. In the case of an error, the appropriate error code is returned by the function.

## ERROR CODES

Error Code	Description
TPMC680_ERR_INVALID_HANDLE	The specified device handle is invalid



## 2.2 Device Access Functions

### 2.2.1 tpmc680SetPortMode

#### NAME

tpmc680SetPortMode – Configure port

#### SYNOPSIS

```
TPMC680_STATUS tpmc680SetPortMode
(
    TPMC680_HANDLE          hdl,
    unsigned int             portNo,
    unsigned int             portSize,
    unsigned int             portDirection,
    unsigned int             handshakeMode,
    unsigned int             handshakeFifoLevelMode
)
```

#### DESCRIPTION

This function configures the specified port of the TPMC680. The function sets size, direction and handshake modes. If port sizes greater than 8 bit is used some (hardware) ports will be concatenated to a (software) port which is responsible to control the I/O function. Mainly responsible for port concatenations are port 0 and 2. Port 0 can be used for 16 and 32 bit handshake and 64 bit synchronous I/O. Port 2 can be used for 16 bit handshake I/O.

The table below shows to which port number the (hardware) ports will be assigned at the possible configurations of ports 0 and 2.

(Hardware) Port	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
(Software) Port number	7 (8 bit)	6 (8 bit)	5 (8 bit)	4 (8 bit)	3 (8 bit)	2 (8 bit)	1 (8 bit)	0 (8 bit)
	7 (8 bit)	6 (8 bit)	5 (8 bit)	4 (8 bit)	3 (8 bit)	2 (8 bit)	0 (16 bit / HS)	
	7 (8 bit)	6 (8 bit)	5 (8 bit)	4 (8 bit)	2 (16 bit / HS)		1 (8 bit)	0 (8 bit)
	7 (8 bit)	6 (8 bit)	5 (8 bit)	4 (8 bit)	2 (16 bit / HS)		0 (16 bit / HS)	
	7 (8 bit)	6 (8 bit)	5 (8 bit)	4 (8 bit)	0 (32 bit / HS)			
	0 (64 bit / synchronous)							

Additionally to the port concatenations the direction of port 4 and port 5 may be changed if port 0 or port 2 is used in handshake mode. Port 4 will be configured as input port and port 5 may be configured for output. Bit 0 and 1 will be reserved for the handshake signals and are not anymore controlled by the ports.

**Please also refer to the TPMC680 User Manual to get more information about the port configuration and used signals.**

**Changing a port size from a bigger to a smaller size will also change the mode of the connected ports. The ports will be set to 8 bit mode and they will keep the configured direction.**

## PARAMETERS

*hdl*

This argument specifies the device handle to the hardware module retrieved by a call to the corresponding open-function.

*portNo*

This argument specifies the port that shall be configured. Valid values are between 0 and 7.

### portSize

This argument specifies the size of the port. The following table describes the allowed port sizes and for which ports they are allowed.

Value	Ports	Description
TPMC680_MODE_SIZE_8BIT	0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	The port has a width of 8 bit. Each port can be accessed separately.
TPMC680_MODE_SIZE_16BIT	0,2	The port has a width of 16 bit and the output is controlled by the handshake signals. Two ports are used together. If port 0 is selected port 1 is used also. If port 2 is selected also port 3 will be used. The configuration of the connected ports is always adapted. <b>If this mode is selected for any port the handshake port 4 will be configured as an 8-bit input port.</b>
TPMC680_MODE_SIZE_32BIT	0	The port has a width of 32 bit and the output is controlled by the handshake signals. The ports 0, 1, 2 and 3 will be used together. The configuration of the connected ports is always set together. <b>If this mode is selected the handshake port 4 will be configured as an 8-bit input port.</b>
TPMC680_MODE_SIZE_64BIT	0	All ports are connected and can be used as simple 64 bit input or output port. All ports get the same configuration.

### portDirection

This argument specifies the direction of the port. All connected ports will be set to the same direction. Allowed values are:

Value	Description
TPMC680_MODE_DIR_INPUT	The port will be used as an input port.
TPMC680_MODE_DIR_OUTPUT	The port will be used as an output port.

### handshakeMode

This argument specifies the handshake mode and is only valid if the port is configured for 16 or 32 bit mode (*TPMC680\_MODE\_SIZE\_16BIT*, *TPMC680\_MODE\_SIZE\_32BIT*). Using an output handshake, will change the direction of port 5 to output. The allowed values are:

Value	Description
TPMC680_MODE_HSFLAG_NO	No output handshake will be used.
TPMC680_MODE_HSFLAG_INTERLOCKED	The interlocked handshake mode will be used.
TPMC680_MODE_HSFLAG_PULSED	The pulsed handshake mode will be used.

### *handshakeFifoLevelMode*

This argument specifies the handshake event depending on the handshake FIFO fill level. This value is only used if a handshake mode is configured. Allowed values are:

Value	Description
TPMC680_MODE_HSFIFOEV_NOTFULL	The event announces FIFO is not full.
TPMC680_MODE_HSFIFOEV_EMPTY	The event announces FIFO is empty.

## EXAMPLE

```
#include "tpmc680api.h"

TPMC680_HANDLE    hdl;
TPMC680_STATUS    result;

/*
** Configure port (2)
**      Size: 16-bit, Direction: output
**      handshake: interlocked / output event on empty FIFO
*/
result = tpmc680SetPortMode (    hdl,
                                2,
                                TPMC680_MODE_SIZE_16BIT,
                                TPMC680_MODE_DIR_OUTPUT,
                                TPMC680_MODE_HSFLAG_INTERLOCKED,
                                TPMC680_MODE_HSFIFOEV_EMPTY);

if (result != TPMC680_OK)
{
    /* handle error */
}
```

## RETURNS

On success, TPMC680\_OK is returned. In the case of an error, the appropriate error code is returned by the function.

## ERROR CODES

Error Code	Description
TPMC680_ERR_INVALID_HANDLE	The specified TPMC680_HANDLE is invalid.
TPMC680_ERR_INVAL	An argument contains an invalid value.
TPMC680_ERR_CHRNG	An invalid port number has been specified.
TPMC680_ERR_ACCESS	The specified port configuration is not allowed.

Other returned error codes are system error conditions.

## 2.2.2 tpmc680ReadPort

### NAME

tpmc680ReadPort – Read state of 8-bit port

### SYNOPSIS

```
TPMC680_STATUS tpmc680ReadPort
(
    TPMC680_HANDLE    hdl,
    unsigned int       portNo,
    unsigned char      *pPortVal
)
```

### DESCRIPTION

This function reads the current state of the input lines of an 8 bit port on the TPMC680.

**The port must be configured in 8 bit mode, otherwise the function will fail.**

### PARAMETERS

*hdl*

This argument specifies the device handle to the hardware module retrieved by a call to the corresponding open-function.

*portNo*

This argument specifies the port that shall be read. Valid values are between 0 and 7.

*pPortVal*

This pointer points to an unsigned char where the current state of the port will be stored.

## EXAMPLE

```
#include "tpmc680api.h"

TPMC680_HANDLE    hdl;
TPMC680_STATUS    result;
unsigned char      portState;

/*
** Read from 8-bit port (2)
*/
result = tpmc680ReadPort (    hdl,
                              2,
                              &portState);

if (result == TPMC680_OK)
{
    printf("Port2: 0x%02X\n", portState);
}
else
{
    /* handle error */
}
```

## RETURNS

On success, TPMC680\_OK is returned. In the case of an error, the appropriate error code is returned by the function.

## ERROR CODES

Error Code	Description
TPMC680_ERR_INVALID_HANDLE	The specified TPMC680_HANDLE is invalid.
TPMC680_ERR_INVAL	A specified pointer is NULL.
TPMC680_ERR_CHRNG	An invalid port number has been specified.
TPMC680_ERR_ACCESS	Access not allowed with current port configuration.

Other returned error codes are system error conditions.

## 2.2.3 tpmc680WritePort

### NAME

tpmc680WritePort – Write new output value to 8-bit port

### SYNOPSIS

```
TPMC680_STATUS tpmc680WritePort
(
    TPMC680_HANDLE      hdl,
    unsigned int          portNo,
    unsigned char         portVal
)
```

### DESCRIPTION

This function writes a new output value to an 8 bit port of the TPMC680.

**The port must be configured in 8 bit output mode, otherwise the function will fail.**

### PARAMETERS

*hdl*

This argument specifies the device handle to the hardware module retrieved by a call to the corresponding open-function.

*portNo*

This argument specifies the port that shall be written. Valid values are between 0 and 7.

*portVal*

This argument specifies the new output value.

## EXAMPLE

```
#include "tpmc680api.h"

TPMC680_HANDLE    hdl;
TPMC680_STATUS    result;

/*
** Set 8-bit port (2) (new value 12(hex))
*/
result = tpmc680WritePort ( hdl,
                             2,
                             0x12);

if (result != TPMC680_OK)
{
    /* handle error */
}
```

## RETURNS

On success, TPMC680\_OK is returned. In the case of an error, the appropriate error code is returned by the function.

## ERROR CODES

Error Code	Description
TPMC680_ERR_INVALID_HANDLE	The specified TPMC680_HANDLE is invalid.
TPMC680_ERR_CHRNG	An invalid port number has been specified.
TPMC680_ERR_ACCESS	Access not allowed with current port configuration.

Other returned error codes are system error conditions.



## 2.2.4 tpmc680ReadPort64

### NAME

tpmc680ReadPort64 – Read state of 64-bit port

### SYNOPSIS

```
TPMC680_STATUS tpmc680ReadPort64
(
    TPMC680_HANDLE          hdl,
    unsigned int             *pPortVal0_31,
    unsigned int             *pPortVal32_63
)
```

### DESCRIPTION

This function reads the current state of the input lines of the 64 bit port on the TPMC680.

**The port must be configured in 64 bit mode, otherwise the function will fail.**

### PARAMETERS

*hdl*

This argument specifies the device handle to the hardware module retrieved by a call to the corresponding open-function.

*pPortVal0\_31*

This pointer points to an unsigned int (32-bit) where the current state of the ports 0...3 will be stored. Port 0 will be stored to bits 0...7, Port 1 to bits 8...15, and so on.

*pPortVal32\_63*

This pointer points to an unsigned int (32-bit) where the current state of the ports 4...7 will be stored. Port 4 will be stored to bits 0...7, Port 5 to bits 8...15, and so on.

## EXAMPLE

```
#include "tpmc680api.h"

TPMC680_HANDLE    hdl;
TPMC680_STATUS    result;
unsigned int       portStateLow;
unsigned int       portStateHigh;

/*
** Read from 64-bit port
*/
result = tpmc680ReadPort64( hdl,
                           &portStateLow,
                           &portStateHigh);

if (result == TPMC680_OK)
{
    printf("Port7..0: 0x%08X%08X\n", portStateHigh, portStateLow);
}
else
{
    /* handle error */
}
```

## RETURNS

On success, TPMC680\_OK is returned. In the case of an error, the appropriate error code is returned by the function.

## ERROR CODES

Error Code	Description
TPMC680_ERR_INVALID_HANDLE	The specified TPMC680_HANDLE is invalid.
TPMC680_ERR_INVALID	A specified pointer is NULL.
TPMC680_ERR_ACCESS	Access not allowed with current port configuration.

Other returned error codes are system error conditions.

## 2.2.5 tpmc680WritePort64

### NAME

tpmc680WritePort64 – Write new output value to 64-bit port

### SYNOPSIS

```
TPMC680_STATUS tpmc680WritePort64
(
    TPMC680_HANDLE          hdl,
    unsigned int             portVal0_31,
    unsigned int             portVal32_63
)
```

### DESCRIPTION

This function writes a new output value to the 64 bit port of the TPMC680.

**The port must be configured in 64 bit output mode, otherwise the function will fail.**

### PARAMETERS

*hdl*

This argument specifies the device handle to the hardware module retrieved by a call to the corresponding open-function.

*portVal0\_31*

This argument specifies the new output value of the ports 0...3. Port 0 is stored in bits 0...7, Port 1 in bits 8...15, and so on.

*portVal32\_63*

This argument specifies the new output value of the ports 4...7. Port 4 is stored in bits 0...7, Port 5 in bits 8...15, and so on.

## EXAMPLE

```
#include "tpmc680api.h"

TPMC680_HANDLE    hdl;
TPMC680_STATUS    result;

/*
** Set 64-bit port (new value 7766554433221100(hex))
*/
result = tpmc680WritePort64 (    hdl,
                                0x33221100,
                                0x77665544);

if (result != TPMC680_OK)
{
    /* handle error */
}
```

## RETURNS

On success, TPMC680\_OK is returned. In the case of an error, the appropriate error code is returned by the function.

## ERROR CODES

Error Code	Description
TPMC680_ERR_INVALID_HANDLE	The specified TPMC680_HANDLE is invalid.
TPMC680_ERR_ACCESS	Access not allowed with current port configuration.

Other returned error codes are system error conditions.

## 2.2.6 tpmc680Receive16

### NAME

tpmc680Receive16 – Read data received on 16-bit port

### SYNOPSIS

```
TPMC680_STATUS tpmc680Receive16
(
    TPMC680_HANDLE          hdl,
    unsigned int             portNo,
    unsigned int             bufSize,
    unsigned short           *pBuf,
    unsigned int             *pValidData
)
```

### DESCRIPTION

This function reads data that has been received on a 16 bit input port of the TPMC680.

**The port must be configured in 16 bit input mode, otherwise the function will fail.**

### PARAMETERS

*hdl*

This argument specifies the device handle to the hardware module retrieved by a call to the corresponding open-function.

*portNo*

This argument specifies the port that shall be read. Valid values are 0 and 2.

*bufSize*

This argument specifies the number of data words (16 bit) which can be copied into the input buffer.

*pBuf*

This pointer points to the input buffer where the received data will be stored.

*pValidData*

This pointer points to an unsigned int value where the number of received (valid) data values will be stored.

## EXAMPLE

```
#include "tpmc680api.h"

#define BUFSIZE      5

TPMC680_HANDLE      hdl;
TPMC680_STATUS      result;
unsigned short       inBuf[BUFSIZE];
unsigned int         numData;

/*
** Read received data from 16-bit port (2)
*/
result = tpmc680Receive16 ( hdl,
                           2,
                           BUFSIZE,
                           inBuf,
                           &numData);

if (result == TPMC680_OK)
{
    for (i = 0; i < numData; i++)
        printf("[%d] 0x%04X\n", i, inBuf[i]);
}
else
{
    /* handle error */
}
```

## RETURNS

On success, TPMC680\_OK is returned. In the case of an error, the appropriate error code is returned by the function.

## ERROR CODES

Error Code	Description
TPMC680_ERR_INVALID_HANDLE	The specified TPMC680_HANDLE is invalid.
TPMC680_ERR_INVALID	A specified pointer is NULL.
TPMC680_ERR_CHRNG	An invalid port number has been specified.
TPMC680_ERR_ACCESS	Access not allowed with current port configuration.

Other returned error codes are system error conditions.

## 2.2.7 tpmc680Send16

### NAME

tpmc680Send16 – Send data on 16-bit port

### SYNOPSIS

```
TPMC680_STATUS tpmc680Send16
(
    TPMC680_HANDLE    hdl,
    unsigned int       portNo,
    unsigned int       bufSize,
    unsigned short     *pBuf,
    unsigned int       *pSentData
)
```

### DESCRIPTION

This function sends data on a 16 bit port of the TPMC680. The function places the data into a FIFO and starts transmission. It will not wait until data is physically transmitted.

**The port must be configured in 16 bit output mode, otherwise the function will fail.**

### PARAMETERS

*hdl*

This argument specifies the device handle to the hardware module retrieved by a call to the corresponding open-function.

*portNo*

This argument specifies the port that shall be used. Valid values are 0 and 2.

*bufSize*

This argument specifies the number of data words (16 bit) in the output buffer.

*pBuf*

This pointer points to the output buffer containing the data ready to send.

*pSentData*

This pointer points to an unsigned int value where the number of successfully sent data values will be stored.

## EXAMPLE

```
#include "tpmc680api.h"

#define BUFSIZE      5

TPMC680_HANDLE      hdl;
TPMC680_STATUS      result;
unsigned short       outBuf[BUFSIZE] = {0x1111,0x2222,0x3333,0x4444,0x5555};
unsigned int         numData;

/*
** Read received data from 16-bit port (2)
*/
result = tpmc680Send16 (    hdl,
                           2,
                           BUFSIZE,
                           outBuf,
                           &numData);

if (result != TPMC680_OK)
{
    /* handle error */
}
```

## RETURNS

On success, TPMC680\_OK is returned. In the case of an error, the appropriate error code is returned by the function.

## ERROR CODES

Error Code	Description
TPMC680_ERR_INVALID_HANDLE	The specified TPMC680_HANDLE is invalid.
TPMC680_ERR_INVALID	A specified pointer is NULL.
TPMC680_ERR_CHRNG	An invalid port number has been specified.
TPMC680_ERR_ACCESS	Access not allowed with current port configuration.

Other returned error codes are system error conditions.



## 2.2.8 tpmc680Receive32

### NAME

tpmc680Receive32 – Read data received on 32-bit port

### SYNOPSIS

```
TPMC680_STATUS tpmc680Receive32
(
    TPMC680_HANDLE          hdl,
    unsigned int             bufSize,
    unsigned int             *pBuf,
    unsigned int             *pValidData
)
```

### DESCRIPTION

This function reads data that has been received on the 32 bit input port of the TPMC680.

**The port must be configured in 32 bit input mode, otherwise the function will fail.**

### PARAMETERS

*hdl*

This argument specifies the device handle to the hardware module retrieved by a call to the corresponding open-function.

*bufSize*

This argument specifies the number of data words (32 bit) which can be copied into the input buffer.

*pBuf*

This pointer points to the input buffer where the received data will be stored to.

*pValidData*

This pointer points to an unsigned int value where the number of received (valid) data values will be stored.

## EXAMPLE

```
#include "tpmc680api.h"

#define BUFSIZE    5

TPMC680_HANDLE    hdl;
TPMC680_STATUS    result;
unsigned int       inBuf[BUFSIZE];
unsigned int       numData;

/*
** Read received data from 32-bit port (2)
*/
result = tpmc680Receive32 ( hdl,
                           BUFSIZE,
                           inBuf,
                           &numData);

if (result == TPMC680_OK)
{
    for (i = 0; i < numData; i++)
        printf("[%d] 0x%08X\n", i, inBuf[i]);
}
else
{
    /* handle error */
}
```

## RETURNS

On success, TPMC680\_OK is returned. In the case of an error, the appropriate error code is returned by the function.

## ERROR CODES

Error Code	Description
TPMC680_ERR_INVALID_HANDLE	The specified TPMC680_HANDLE is invalid.
TPMC680_ERR_INVAL	A specified pointer is NULL.
TPMC680_ERR_ACCESS	Access not allowed with current port configuration.

Other returned error codes are system error conditions.

## 2.2.9 tpmc680Send32

### NAME

tpmc680Send32 – Send data on 32-bit port

### SYNOPSIS

```
TPMC680_STATUS tpmc680Send32
(
    TPMC680_HANDLE          hdl,
    unsigned int             portNo,
    unsigned int             bufSize,
    unsigned int             *pBuf,
    unsigned int             *pSentData
)
```

### DESCRIPTION

This function sends data on the 32 bit port of the TPMC680. The function places the data into a FIFO and starts transmission. It will not wait until data is physically transmitted.

**The port must be configured in 32 bit output mode, otherwise the function will fail.**

### PARAMETERS

*hdl*

This argument specifies the device handle to the hardware module retrieved by a call to the corresponding open-function.

*portNo*

This argument specifies the port that shall be used. Valid values are 0 and 2.

*bufSize*

This argument specifies the number of data words (32 bit) in the output buffer.

*pBuf*

This pointer points to the output buffer containing the data ready to be sent.

*pSentData*

This pointer points to an unsigned int value where the number of successfully sent data values will be stored.

## EXAMPLE

```
#include "tpmc680api.h"

#define BUFSIZE      3

TPMC680_HANDLE      hdl;
TPMC680_STATUS      result;
unsigned int         outBuf[BUFSIZE] = {0x11112222,0x33334444,0x55556666};
unsigned int         numData;

/*
** Send data on 32-bit port
*/
result = tpmc680Send32 (    hdl,
                           0,
                           BUFSIZE,
                           outBuf,
                           &numData);

if (result != TPMC680_OK)
{
    /* handle error */
}
```

## RETURNS

On success, TPMC680\_OK is returned. In the case of an error, the appropriate error code is returned by the function.

## ERROR CODES

Error Code	Description
TPMC680_ERR_INVALID_HANDLE	The specified TPMC680_HANDLE is invalid.
TPMC680_ERR_INVALID	A specified pointer is NULL.
TPMC680_ERR_ACCESS	Access not allowed with current port configuration.

Other returned error codes are system error conditions.

## 2.2.10 tpmc680WaitForEvent

### NAME

tpmc680WaitForEvent – Wait for a specified input event

### SYNOPSIS

```
TPMC680_STATUS tpmc680WaitForEvent
(
    TPMC680_HANDLE          hdl,
    unsigned int             portNo,
    unsigned int             lineNo,
    unsigned int             transition,
    unsigned int             timeout
)
```

### DESCRIPTION

This function waits for a specified event on a specified input line of the TPMC680.

**The port must be configured in 8 bit or 64 bit input mode, otherwise the function will fail.**

### PARAMETERS

*hdl*

This argument specifies the device handle to the hardware module retrieved by a call to the corresponding open-function.

*portNo*

This argument specifies the port. Valid values are between 0 and 7.

*lineNo*

This argument specifies the ports line number. Valid values are between 0 and 7.

*transition*

This argument specifies the transition event to wait for. The following events are supported:

Value	Description
TPMC680_IO_EDGE_HI	The event will occur if the specified input line changes from Low to High.
TPMC680_IO_EDGE_LO	The event will occur if the specified input line changes from High to Low.
TPMC680_IO_EDGE_ANY	The event will occur if the specified input line changes its value.

### *timeout*

This argument specifies the timeout in milliseconds. If the specified event does not occur within the specified time, the function will return with an error code. If the function shall never timeout a value of TPMC680\_WAIT\_FOREVER must be specified.

## EXAMPLE

```
#include "tpmc680api.h"

TPMC680_HANDLE    hdl;
TPMC680_STATUS    result;

/*
** Wait for a high to low transition on line 5 of port 6
**      Timeout after 10000 milliseconds
*/
result = tpmc680WaitForEvent (    hdl,
                                6,
                                5,
                                TPMC680_IO_EDGE_LO,
                                10000);

if (result != TPMC680_OK)
{
    /* handle error */
}
```

## RETURNS

On success, TPMC680\_OK is returned. In the case of an error, the appropriate error code is returned by the function.

## ERROR CODES

Error Code	Description
TPMC680_ERR_INVALID_HANDLE	The specified TPMC680_HANDLE is invalid.
TPMC680_ERR_INVALID	A specified argument contains an invalid value.
TPMC680_ERR_CHRNG	An invalid port number has been specified.
TPMC680_ERR_ACCESS	Access not allowed with current port configuration.
TPMC680_ERR_BUSY	There is already an active job waiting for an event on the specified input line.
TPMC680_ERR_TIMEOUT	The function timed out

Other returned error codes are system error conditions.

## 3 Driver Configuration

### 3.1 Configuration of FIFO Depth

The depth of the FIFOs can be configured with the define *TPMC680\_FIFO\_SIZE* in *tpmc680def.h*. The value defines the number of values that can be stored in each of the FIFOs. Changing this value will change the size of the used system memory for each devices.

**After changing the definition of *TPMC680\_FIFO\_SIZE* the driver must be rebuilt to make the changes take effect.**

## 4 Debugging and Diagnostic

The TPMC680 device driver provides a function and debug statements to display versatile information of the driver installation and status on the debugging console.

If the VxBus driver is used, the TPMC680 show routine is included in the driver by default and can be called from the VxWorks shell. If this function is not needed or program space is rare the function can be removed from the code by un-defining the macro INCLUDE\_TPMC680\_SHOW in tpmc680drv.c

The tpmc680Show function (only if VxBus is used) displays detailed information about probed modules, assignment of devices respective device names to probed TPMC680 modules.

If TPMC680 modules were probed but no devices were created it may be helpful to enable debugging code inside the driver code by defining the macro TPMC680\_DEBUG in tpmc680drv.c.

**In contrast to VxBus TPMC680 devices, legacy TPMC680 devices must be created “manually”. This will be done with the first call to the tpmc680Open API function.**

```
-> tpmc680Show
Probed Modules:
  [0] : Bus=0, Dev=16, DevId=0x02a8, VenId=0x1498, Init=OK, vxDev=0x2854d8
  [1] : Bus=0, Dev=17, DevId=0x02a8, VenId=0x1498, Init=OK, vxDev=0x2855d8

Associated Devices:
  [0] : /tpmc680/0
  [1] : /tpmc680/1
value = 1 = 0x1
```